

Relational Stacked Denoising Autoencoder for Tag Recommendation

Hao Wang

Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering
Hong Kong University of Science and Technology

Joint work with **Xingjian Shi** and **Dit-Yan Yeung**

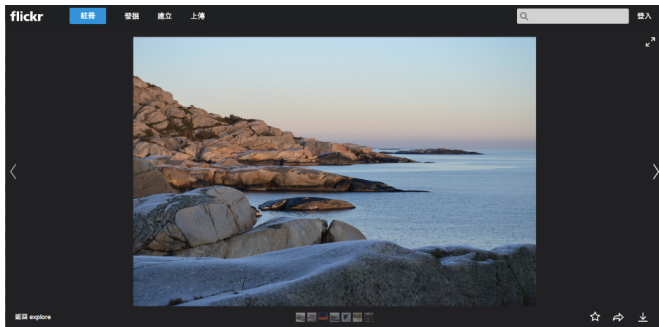
Outline

- 1 Background and Related Work
- 2 Generalized Probabilistic SDAE
- 3 Relational SDAE
- 4 Performance Evaluation
- 5 Case study
- 6 Conclusion

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Tag Recommendation: Flickr



標籤

Seascape sea winter
nature Norway
Northseatrail North sea
hiking

<https://www.flickr.com>

Tag Recommendation: CiteULike

✓ An Algorithmic Framework for Performing Collaborative Filtering

In Proceedings of the 22Nd Annual International ACM SIGIR Conference on Research and Development in Information Retrieval (1999), pp. by [Jonathan L. Herlocker](#), [Joseph A. Konstan](#), [Al Borchers](#), [John Riedl](#) posted to [collaborative filtering recommendation](#) by [wangxinx](#) on 2014-11-24 14:12:37 ** [along with 32 people and 6 groups](#)

■ Abstract

✓ Google News Personalization: Scalable Online Collaborative Filtering

In Proceedings of the 18th International Conference on World Wide Web (2007), pp. 271-280, [doi:10.1145/1242572.1242610](#) by [Abhinandan S. Das](#), [Mayur Datar](#), [Ashutosh Garg](#), [Shyam Rajaram](#) posted to [collaborative filtering news recommendation](#) by [wangxinx](#) on 2014-11-24 14:08:35 ** [along with 74 people and 11 groups](#)

■ Abstract

✓ Probabilistic Matrix Factorization

In NIPS '08 (2008) by [Ruslan Salakhutdinov](#), [Andriy Mnih](#) posted to [collaborative filtering matrix factorization probabilistic recommendation](#) by [nguenthaibinh](#) on 2014-09-14 20:29:47 ✓ [along with](#)

■ Abstract

✓ Active Learning in Collaborative Filtering Recommender Systems

In E-Commerce and Web Technologies, Vol. 188 (2014), pp. 113-124, [doi:10.1007/978-3-319-10491-1_12](#) by [Mehdi Elahj](#), [Francesco Ricci](#), [Neil Rubens](#) edited by [Martin Hepp](#), [Yigal Hoffner](#) posted to [active learning collaborative filtering matrix factorization](#) by [wangxinx](#) on 2014-08-24 09:28:27 ***

■ Abstract

Google news personalization: scalable online collaborative filtering

In Proceedings of the 18th international conference on World Wide Web (2007), pp. 271-280, [doi:10.1145/1242572.1242610](#) by [Abhinandan S. Das](#), [Mayur Datar](#), [Ashutosh Garg](#), [Shyam Rajaram](#) posted to [collaborative filtering](#) by [eustache diemert](#) on 2014-06-06 07:32:15 **

■ Abstract

<http://www.citeulike.org>

Tag Recommendation

item	tag				
	1	2	3	4	5
1	✓	?	?	?	?
2	✓	?	?	✓	?
3	?	?	✓	?	?
4	?	✓	?	?	✓
5	✓	?	?	?	?

Content-based:

- 1 Chen et al., 2008
- 2 Chen et al., 2010
- 3 Shen and Fan, 2010

Co-occurrence based:

- 1 Garg and Weber, 2008
- 2 Weinberger et al., 2008
- 3 Rendle and Schmidt-Thieme, 2010

Hybrid:

- 1 Wu et al., 2009
- 2 Wang and Blei, 2011
- 3 Yang et al., 2013

- ① Chen et al., 2008
- ② Chen et al., 2010
- ③ Shen and Fan, 2010
- ④ ...

Pros:

- ① Tag independence
- ② Interpretability
- ③ No New-item problem

Cons:

- ① Need domain knowledge

- 1 Garg and Weber, 2008
- 2 Weinberger et al., 2008
- 3 Rendle and Schmidt-Thieme, 2010
- 4 ...

Pros:

- 1 No domain knowledge needed

Cons:

- 1 Requires some form of rating feedback (co-occurrence matrix)
- 2 New-tag problem and new-item problem

- 1 Wu et al., 2009
- 2 Wang and Blei, 2011
- 3 Yang et al., 2013
- 4 ...

BEST OF BOTH WORLDS

Collaborative Topic Regression (CTR) (Wang and Blei, KDD 2011)

Maximum Likelihood from Incomplete Data via the *EM* Algorithm

By A. P. DEMPSTER, N. M. LAIRD and D. B. RUBIN

Harvard University and Educational Testing Service

[Read before the ROYAL STATISTICAL SOCIETY at a meeting organized by the RESEARCH SECTION on Wednesday, December 8th, 1976, Professor S. D. SILVEY in the Chair]

SUMMARY

A broadly applicable algorithm for computing maximum likelihood estimates from incomplete data is presented at various levels of generality. Theory showing the monotone behaviour of the likelihood and convergence of the algorithm is derived. Many examples are sketched, including missing value situations, applications to grouped, censored or truncated data, finite mixture models, variance component estimation, hyperparameter estimation, iteratively reweighted least squares and factor analysis.

matrix factorization

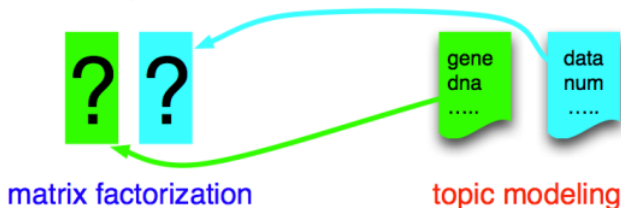
████████████████████ ???????????
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topic modeling

████████████████████ estimate likelihood maximum estimated missing
████████████████████ algorithm signal input signals output exact performs music
████████████████████ distribution random probability distributions sampling stochastic

Collaborative Topic Regression (CTR) (Wang and Blei, KDD 2011)

Article representation in different methods



- **LDA**: sparse, relatively **high dimension**
- **MF**: low rank, **low dimension**

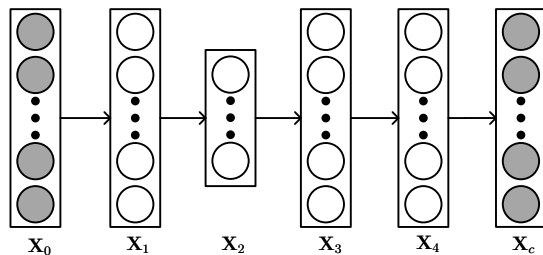
Problems to Explore

- 1 Can SDAE learn effective representation for recommendation?
- 2 How to incorporate relational information into SDAE?
- 3 How is the performance?

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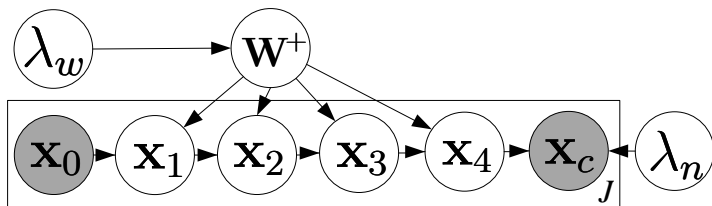
Stacked Denoising Autoencoder (Vincent et al. JMLR 2010)



$$\min_{\{\mathbf{W}_l\}, \{\mathbf{b}_l\}} \|\mathbf{X}_c - \mathbf{X}_L\|_F^2 + \lambda \sum_l \|\mathbf{W}_l\|_F^2,$$

where λ is a regularization parameter and $\|\cdot\|_F$ denotes the Frobenius norm.

Generalized Probabilistic SDAE



- 1 For each layer l of the SDAE network,
 - 1 For each column n of the weight matrix \mathbf{W}_l , draw $\mathbf{W}_{l,*n} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \lambda_w^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l})$.
 - 2 Draw the bias vector $\mathbf{b}_l \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \lambda_w^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l})$.
 - 3 For each row j of \mathbf{X}_l , draw

$$\mathbf{X}_{l,j*} \sim \mathcal{N}(\sigma(\mathbf{X}_{l-1,j*} \mathbf{W}_l + \mathbf{b}_l), \lambda_s^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l}).$$

- 2 For each item j , draw a clean input

$$\mathbf{X}_{c,j*} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{X}_{L,j*}, \lambda_n^{-1} \mathbf{I}_B).$$

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Relational SDAE: Generative Process

- 1 Draw the relational latent matrix \mathbf{S} from a *matrix variate normal distribution*:

$$\mathbf{S} \sim \mathcal{N}_{K,J}(0, \mathbf{I}_K \otimes (\lambda_l \mathcal{L}_a)^{-1}).$$

- 2 For layer l of the SDAE where $l = 1, 2, \dots, \frac{L}{2} - 1$,
 - 1 For each column n of the weight matrix \mathbf{W}_l , draw $\mathbf{W}_{l,*n} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \lambda_w^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l})$.
 - 2 Draw the bias vector $\mathbf{b}_l \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \lambda_w^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l})$.
 - 3 For each row j of \mathbf{X}_l , draw

$$\mathbf{X}_{l,j*} \sim \mathcal{N}(\sigma(\mathbf{X}_{l-1,j*} \mathbf{W}_l + \mathbf{b}_l), \lambda_s^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l}).$$

- 3 For layer $\frac{L}{2}$ of the SDAE network, draw the representation vector for item j from the product of two Gaussians (PoG):

$$\mathbf{X}_{\frac{L}{2},j*} \sim \text{PoG}(\sigma(\mathbf{X}_{\frac{L}{2}-1,j*} \mathbf{W}_l + \mathbf{b}_l), \mathbf{s}_j^T, \lambda_s^{-1} \mathbf{I}_K, \lambda_r^{-1} \mathbf{I}_K).$$

Relational SDAE: Generative Process

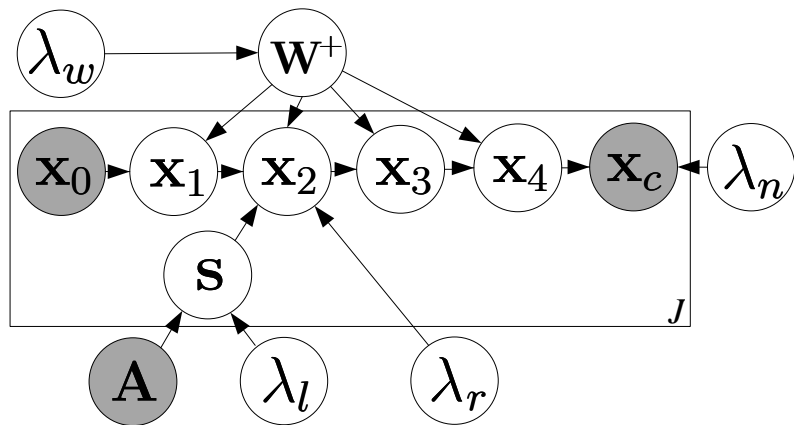
- 1 For layer l of the SDAE network where $l = \frac{L}{2} + 1, \frac{L}{2} + 2, \dots, L$,
 - 1 For each column n of the weight matrix \mathbf{W}_l , draw $\mathbf{W}_{l,*n} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \lambda_w^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l})$.
 - 2 Draw the bias vector $\mathbf{b}_l \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \lambda_w^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l})$.
 - 3 For each row j of \mathbf{X}_l , draw

$$\mathbf{X}_{l,j*} \sim \mathcal{N}(\sigma(\mathbf{X}_{l-1,j*} \mathbf{W}_l + \mathbf{b}_l), \lambda_s^{-1} \mathbf{I}_{K_l}).$$

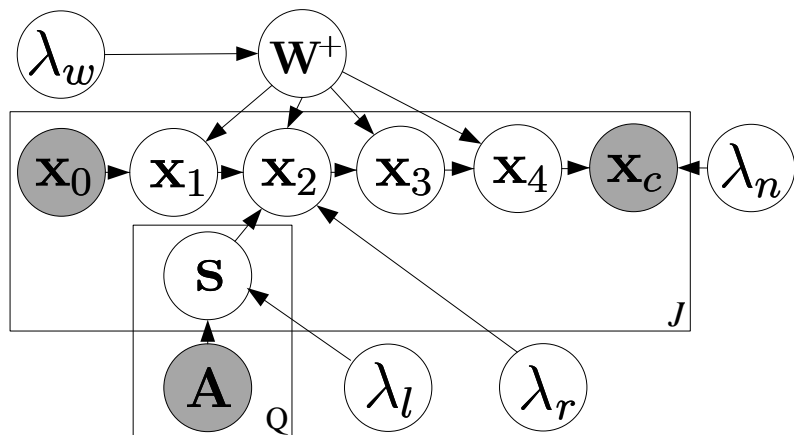
- 2 For each item j , draw a clean input

$$\mathbf{X}_{c,j*} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{X}_{L,j*}, \lambda_n^{-1} \mathbf{I}_B).$$

Relational SDAE: Graphical Model



Multi-Relational SDAE: Graphical Model



The log-likelihood:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} = & -\frac{\lambda_l}{2} \text{tr}(\mathbf{S} \mathcal{L}_a \mathbf{S}^T) - \frac{\lambda_r}{2} \sum_j \|(\mathbf{s}_j^T - \mathbf{X}_{\frac{L}{2}, j^*})\|_2^2 \\ & - \frac{\lambda_w}{2} \sum_l (\|\mathbf{W}_l\|_F^2 + \|\mathbf{b}_l\|_2^2) \\ & - \frac{\lambda_n}{2} \sum_j \|\mathbf{X}_{L, j^*} - \mathbf{X}_{c, j^*}\|_2^2 \\ & - \frac{\lambda_s}{2} \sum_l \sum_j \|\sigma(\mathbf{X}_{l-1, j^*} \mathbf{W}_l + \mathbf{b}_l) - \mathbf{X}_{l, j^*}\|_2^2,\end{aligned}$$

where $\mathbf{X}_{l, j^*} = \sigma(\mathbf{X}_{l-1, j^*} \mathbf{W}_l + \mathbf{b}_l)$. Similar to the generalized SDAE, taking λ_s to infinity, the last term of the joint log-likelihood will vanish.

For \mathbf{S} :

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{S}_{k^*}(t+1) &\leftarrow \mathbf{S}_{k^*}(t) + \delta(t)r(t) \\ r(t) &\leftarrow \lambda_r \mathbf{X}_{\frac{L}{2}, k^*}^T - (\lambda_l \mathcal{L}_a + \lambda_r \mathbf{I}_J) \mathbf{S}_{k^*}(t) \\ \delta(t) &\leftarrow \frac{r(t)^T r(t)}{r(t)^T (\lambda_l \mathcal{L}_a + \lambda_r \mathbf{I}_J) r(t)}.\end{aligned}$$

For \mathbf{X} , \mathbf{W} , and \mathbf{b} : Use Back Propagation.

Objective function:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & -\frac{\lambda_u}{2} \sum_i \|\mathbf{u}_i\|_2^2 - \frac{\lambda_v}{2} \sum_j \|\mathbf{v}_j - \mathbf{X}_{\frac{L}{2}, j^*}^T\|_2^2 \\ & - \sum_{i,j} \frac{c_{ij}}{2} (\mathbf{R}_{ij} - \mathbf{u}_i^T \mathbf{v}_j)^2, \end{aligned}$$

where λ_u and λ_v are hyperparameters. c_{ij} is set to 1 for the existing ratings and 0.01 for the missing entries.

1. Learning representation:

repeat

Update \mathbf{S} using the updating rules

Update \mathbf{X} , \mathbf{W} , and \mathbf{b}

until convergence

Get resulting representation $\mathbf{X}_{\frac{L}{2}, j^*}$

2. Learning \mathbf{u}_i and \mathbf{v}_j :

Optimize the objective function \mathcal{L}

3. Recommend tags to items according to the predicted \mathbf{R}_{ij} :

$$\mathbf{R}_{ij} = \mathbf{u}_i^T \mathbf{v}_j$$

Rank $\mathbf{R}_{1j}, \mathbf{R}_{2j}, \dots, \mathbf{R}_{Ij}$

Recommend tags with largest \mathbf{R}_{ij} to item j

Problems to Explore

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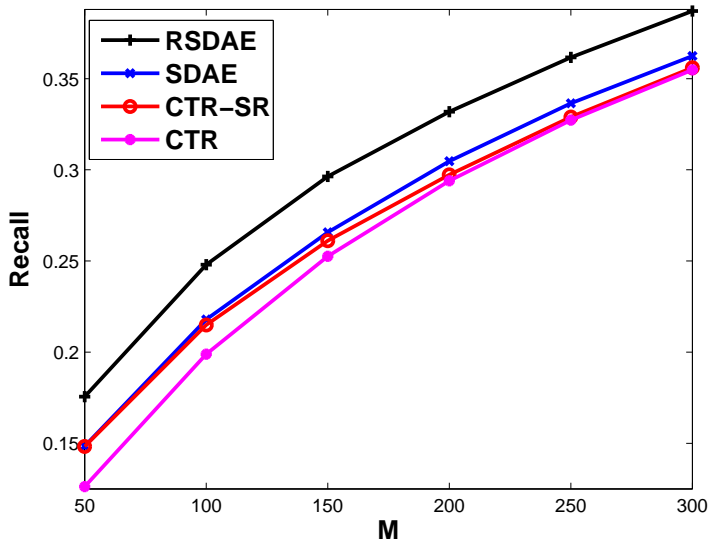
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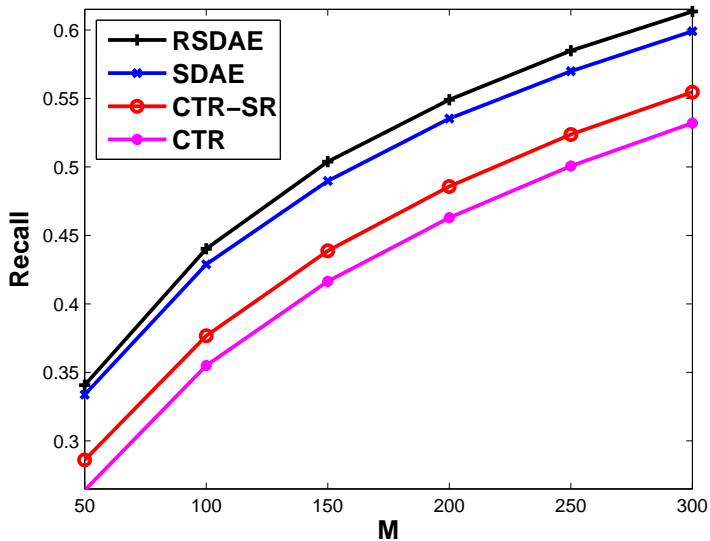
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Description of datasets

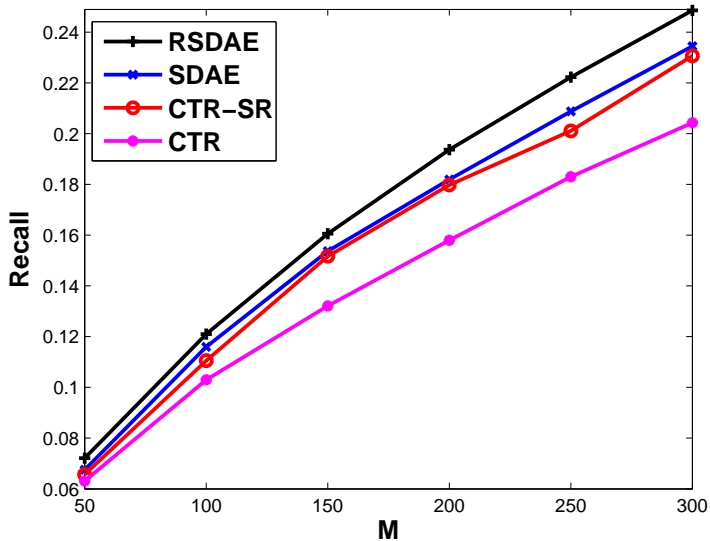
	citeulike-a	citeulike-t	movielens-plot
#items	16980	25975	7261
#tags	7386	8311	2988
#tag-item paris	204987	134860	51301
#relations	44709	32665	543621

citeulike-a, Sparse Setting

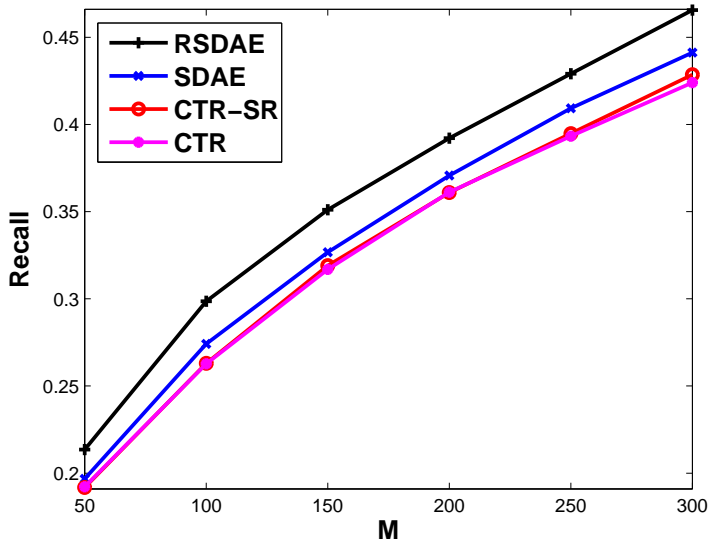




movielens-plot, Sparse Setting



movielens-plot, Dense Setting



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Tagging Scientific Articles

An example article with recommended tags

Example Article	Title: Mining the Peanut Gallery: Opinion Extraction and Semantic Classification of Product Reviews			
	Top topic 1: language, text, mining, representation, semantic, concepts, words, relations, processing, categories			
Top 10 tags	SDAE	True?	RSDAE	True?
	1. instance	no	1. sentiment_analysis	no
	2. consumer	yes	2. instance	no
	3. sentiment_analysis	no	3. consumer	yes
	4. summary	no	4. summary	no
	5. 31july09	no	5. sentiment	yes
	6. medline	no	6. product_review_mining	yes
	7. eit2	no	7. sentiment_classification	yes
	8. l2r	no	8. 31july09	no
	9. exploration	no	9. opinion_mining	yes
10. biomedical	no	10. product	yes	

An example movie with recommended tags

Example Movie	Title: E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial	
	Top topic 1: crew, must, on, earth, human, save, ship, rescue, by, find, scientist, planet	
Top 10 recommended tags	SDAE	True tag?
	1. Saturn Award (Best Special Effects)	yes
	2. Want	no
	3. Saturn Award (Best Fantasy Film)	no
	4. Saturn Award (Best Writing)	yes
	5. Cool but freaky	no
	6. Saturn Award (Best Director)	no
	7. Oscar (Best Editing)	no
	8. almost favorite	no
	9. Steven Spielberg	yes
10. sequel better than original	no	

An example movie with recommended tags

Example Movie	Title: E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial	
	Top topic 1: crew, must, on, earth, human, save, ship, rescue, by, find, scientist, planet	
Top 10 recommended tags	RSDAE	True tag?
	1. Steven Spielberg	yes
	2. Saturn Award (Best Special Effects)	yes
	3. Saturn Award (Best Writing)	yes
	4. Oscar (Best Editing)	no
	5. Want	no
	6. Liam Neeson	no
	7. AFI 100 (Cheers)	yes
	8. Oscar (Best Sound)	yes
	9. Saturn Award (Best Director)	no
10. Oscar (Best Music - Original Score)	yes	

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Contribution:

- ① Adapt SDAE for tag recommendation
- ② A probabilistic relational model for relational deep learning
- ③ State-of-the-art performance

Take-home Message:

- ① Deep models significantly boost recommendation accuracy
- ② Probabilistic formulation facilitates relational deep learning
- ③ Incorporating relational information further boosts accuracy

- ① Applications other than tag recommendation
- ② Adaption for other deep learning models
- ③ Integrated model instead of separate ones
- ④ Fully Bayesian methods

