

CONTENTS

PART I LANGUAGE POLICY IN THE USSR

1. The Social Functions of the Russian Language 3
2. Language Policy of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Muslim Population of Central Asia 23

PART II CREATION OF AN ALTERNATIVE LITERARY IDIOM TO ROMANIAN IN SOVIET MOLDAVIA

3. The Language Policy of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in the Autonomous Moldavian Soviet Socialist Republic and in the Union Moldavian Republic of the Soviet Union (1924–1940) 45
4. The Attempt to Formulate a “Theory” of the Transformation of the Language of the Native Population of the Moldavian SSR from Romance to a Slavic Language (1940–1951) 71
5. The Failure of the Attempts to Elaborate a Theory of Conversion of the Moldavians’ Idiom into a Slavic Language (1951–1955) 97
6. Bringing Together the Literary Idiom of the Native Population of Soviet Moldavia with the National Language of the Romanian People (1956–1960) 117

PART III
 FROM RUSSIFIED IDIOM TO A THEORY OF
 INDEPENDENT MOLDAVIAN
 1961-1975

| | |
|---|-----|
| 7. The Language Situation in Soviet Moldavia (1955-1960) | 149 |
| 8. The National Language in Literature (1961-1965) | 169 |
| 9. The Failure of New Attempts to Separate the Literary Idiom of the Native Population of Soviet Moldavia from Romanian (1966-1969) | 189 |
| 10. The Theory of "an Independent Moldavian Language" Reworked (1969-1975) | 217 |

PART IV
 CONTINUITY AND CHANGE

| | |
|---|-----|
| 11. The Deepening Split Between the Literary and the Conversational Forms of the East Prut Romance Idiom | 279 |
| 12. In Lieu of a Conclusion | 297 |
| Notes | 315 |