Automatic Generation of Implied Clauses for SAT

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Davis-Putnam (DP) [3] was the first practical complete algorithm for solving propositional satisfiability (SAT) problems. DP uses resolution to determine whether a SAT problem instance is satisfiable. However, resolution is generally impractical, as it can use exponential space and time. The most important refinement to DP was DLL [2], which replaced the resolution in DP with back-tracking search. Backtracking search still uses exponential time in the worst case, but only needs linear space. As time is more readily available than space, the change to search was a big improvement.

Since then, the DLL algorithm has been used almost exclusively in complete SAT solvers [4]. However, Rish and Dechter [5] recently showed that a hybrid complete solver which used ordered resolution along with backtracking search often outperformed pure DLL. Cha and Iwama [1] separately described a local search algorithm that used resolution between similar (or neighbouring) clauses to improve performance. We have investigated the use of this neighbourhood resolution in a complete SAT solver.

Preliminary results show that on certain problems, using neighbourhood resolution in conjunction with search can provide substantial improvements in performance over pure DLL, both in the number of search nodes explored and in the runtime used. Further work on neighbourhood resolution is planned to improve its performance and to identify suitable problem classes.

References

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